GENERAL INFORMATION

A4 Adduces Information
A1. Address Information Name of College or University University of Colorado Boulder
Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country Office of Admissions 552 UCB
Boulder, CO 80309-0552
Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country
Main Phone Number 303-492-1411
WWW Home Page Address www.colorado.edu
Admissions Phone Number 303-492-6301 Admissions Toll-free Number
Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country Office of Admissions, Regent Administrative Center 125, University of Colorado Boulder, 552 UCB, Boulder CO 80309-0552
Admissions Fax Number 303-735-2501
Admissions E-mail Address Domestic Email: admissions@colorado.edu International Email: intladm@colorado.edu Transfer Email: transfer@colorado.edu
If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: https://www.colorado.edu/admissions If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
A2. Source of institutional control (check one only)
 ☑ Public ☐ Private (nonprofit) ☐ Proprietary
A3. Classify your undergraduate institution:
Coeducational college ☐ Men's college

	☐ Women's college									
A4. A	cademic year calendar									
\checkmark	/ If your academic year has changed because of the COVID-19 pandemic, please indicate as other below.									
	Semester☐ Quarter☐ Trimester☐ Other (describe):	☐ 4-1-4 ☐ Continuous ☐ Differs by program								
A5.De	grees offered by your i	nstitution								
	☐ Certificate	Postbachelor's certificate								
	☐ Diploma	Master's								
	☐ Associate									
	☐ Transfer	□ Doctoral degree – research/scholarship								
	☐ Terminal	□ Doctoral degree – professional practice								
	☑ Bachelor's	☐ Doctoral degree – other								

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2020. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

Please see: https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/pdf/Reporting_Study_Abroad%20Students_5.31.17.pdf

		FULL-TIME	.	PART-TIME			TOTAL		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
Undergraduates									
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	3,227	2,980	6,207	67	52	119	3,294	3,032	6,326
Other first-year, degree- seeking	1,055	835	1,890	96	67	163	1,151	902	2,053
All other degree-seeking	10,514	9,021	19,535	1,178	703	1,881	11,692	9,724	21,416
Total degree-seeking	14,796	12,836	27,632	1,341	822	2,163	16,137	13,658	29,795
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	35	20	55	229	221	450	264	241	505
Total undergraduates	14,831	12,856	27,687	1,570	1,043	2,613	16,401	13,899	30,300
Graduate									
Degree-seeking, first-time	499	450	949	325	221	546	824	671	1,495
All other degree-seeking	1,000	846	1,846	1,792	1,334	3,126	2,792	2,180	4,972
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	1	3	4	100	85	185	101	88	189
Total graduate	1,500	1,299	2,799	2,217	1,640	3,857	3,717	2,939	6,656
ALL STUDENTS									
Grand Total	16,331	14,155	30,486	3,787	2,683	6,470	20,118	16,838	36,956

Total all undergraduates: 30,300

Total all graduate: 6,656

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: 36,956

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2020. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
Nonresident aliens	101		4 000
	101	1,254	1,262
Hispanic/Latino			
	864	3,942	4,003
Black or African American, non-			
Hispanic	107	520	526
White, non-Hispanic	4,369	20,121	20,462
American Indian or Alaska			
Native, non-Hispanic	4	32	33
Asian, non-Hispanic			
·	386	1,795	1,823
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific			
Islander, non-Hispanic	2	23	25
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	446	1,918	1,965
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	47	190	201
Total	6,326	29,795	30,300

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2019, to June 30, 2020.

Certificate/diploma	<u> </u>
Associate degrees	<u> </u>
Bachelor's degrees	<u>6,847</u>
Postbachelor's certificates	<u> </u>
Master's degrees	<u>1,713</u>
Post-master's certificates	0
Doctoral degrees - research/schola	rship_393_
Doctoral degrees - professional pra	ctice <u>186</u>
Doctoral degrees – other	<u> </u>

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2019-20 Survey.

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2012 and Fall 2013 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

^{*}Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

Fall 2014 Cohort

Please provide data for the **Fall 2014** cohort if available. If **Fall 2014** cohort data are not available, provide data for the **Fall 2013** cohort.

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2014 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students	954	840	4,019	5,813 (formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2014 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions	1	2	7	10 (formerly B5)
C - Final 2014 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	953	838	4,012	5,803 (formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2014 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2018)	375 [39%]	437 [52%]	2,076 [52%]	2,888 [50%] (formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2014 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2018 and by Aug. 31, 2019)	207 [22%]	139 [17%]	747 [19%]	1,093 [19%] (formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2014 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2019 and by Aug. 31, 2020)	43 [5%]	27 [3%]	143 [4%]	213 [4%] (formerly B9)

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
G - Total graduating within six years	625	603	2,966	4,194
(sum of lines D, E, and F)				(formerly B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for	66%	72%	74%	72%
2014 cohort (G divided by C)				(formerly B11)

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Fall 2013 Cohort

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2013 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students		Grant	Stafford Loan	(formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions				(formerly B5)
C - Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions				(formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2017)				(formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2017 and by Aug. 31, 2018)				(formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2018 and by Aug. 31, 2019)				(formerly B9)

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)				(formerly B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2013 cohort (G divided by C)				(formerly B11)

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2019 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2019 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2020? 85%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1.First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2020. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied TOTAL first-year (freshman) who applied	21,897 22,274 44,171
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted TOTAL first-time, first-year (freshman) who were admitted	18,122 (83%) 19,067 (86%) 37,189 (84%)
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled TOTAL first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	3,227 67 3,294
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled TOTAL first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	2,975 57 3,032
TOTAL full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) who enrolled TOTAL part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) who enrolled TOTAL first-time, first-year (freshman) who enrolled	6,202 124 6,326

First-time, first-year (freshman) students by residency. (Information not requested by CDS)

	First-time, first-year (freshman) applicants	First-time, first-year admitted applicants	Percent Admitted	Total first-time, first-year enrolled applicant s	Full Time	Part Time	Freshman Yield
In-state Colorado	12,556	10,501	84%	3,484	3,421	63	33%
Out of state	31,609	26,687	84%	2,842	2,781	61	11%
Total	44,171	37,189	84%	6,326	6,202	124	

^{*}Because residency status is unknown for 6 applicants and 1 admit, numbers of in-state plus out-of-state students are lower than totals.

space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2020 admissions:	t on
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list 1,565 Number accepting a place on the waiting list 504 Number of wait-listed students admitted 304	
Is your waiting list ranked? Yes No If yes, do you release that information to students? Do you release that information to school counselors?	
Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students: High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory pro	ogram for degree-seeking students?
Require	
Recommend	
☐ Neither require nor recommend	

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	17	
English	4	
Mathematics	4*	
Science	3	
Of these, units that must be	2**	
lab		
Foreign language	3	
Social studies	3	
Of these, units that must be		
History	1***	
Geography	1	
Academic electives		
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

^{*}Includes at least 2 of algebra, 1 of geometry, and 1 of college preparatory math such as trigonometry, analytic geometry, or elementary functions.

NOTE: Requirements vary across the university's schools/colleges. See https://catalog.colorado.edu/undergraduate/admissions/minimum-academic-preparation-standards/ for details.

^{**}One of which must be either chemistry or physics.

^{***}If U.S. history is used to meet the history requirement, the geography requirement may be met with 1/2 unit of geography and 1/2 unit of world history.

Basis for Selection

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

Management						
No open admission policy.						
Open admission policy as described above for all students Open admission policy as described above for most students, but selective admission for out-of-state students selective admission to some programs other (explain)						
C7.Relative importance of each of seeking (freshman) admission		emic and nona	cademic factors	in your first-time, first-	year, degree	
Seeking (Heshinan) admission	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered		
Academic						
Rigor of secondary school record						
Class rank		П	$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Π		
Academic GPA						
Standardized test scores	$\overline{\boxtimes}$					
Application Essay						
Recommendation		\boxtimes				
Nonacademic						
Interview				\boxtimes		
Extracurricular activities						
Talent/ability				Ц		
Character/personal qualities		\boxtimes		닏		
First generation		\bowtie				
Alumni/ae relation	님			\boxtimes		
Geographical residence						
State residency	片	H				
Religious affiliation/commitment	H	H				
Racial/ethnic status Volunteer work	H	H		H		
Work experience	H	H		H		
Level of applicant's interest	H	H				

SAT and ACT Policies

C8. Entrance exams						
A. Does your institution make use seeking applicants? ⊠ Yes	e of SAT, AC	CT, or SAT Subje	ect Test score	es in admissio	n decisions	for first-time, first-year, degree
If yes, place check marks in the a Fall 2022.	ippropriate b	ooxes below to re	eflect your ins	stitution's polici	es for use in	admission for
		ADM	ISSION			
	Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used	
SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT						
SAT Subject Tests						
B. If your institution will make use please indicate which ONE of the						
ACT with writing required ACT with writing recommend _x ACT with or without writing		ed				
If your institution will make use of please indicate which ONE of the SAT with Essay component sAT with ESSAY component x SAT with or without ESSAY	following aprequired trecommend	oplies (regardles ded				

C. Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT essay component; check all that apply.

	0.4.	AOT
	SAT	ACT essay
	essay	
For admission		
For placement		
For advising		
In place of an application essay		
As a validity check on the application		
essay		
No college policy as of now		
Not using essay component		

D.	In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising? yes _x no
E.	Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission <u>Jan 15</u> Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission
F.	If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):
G.	Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests): SAT

Freshman Profile

Provide information for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in Fall 2020, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2020 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.

If a student submitted multiple sets of scores for a single test, report this information according to how you use the data. For example:

- If you consider the highest scores from either submission, use the highest combination of scores (e.g., verbal from one submission, math from the other).
- If you average the scores, use the average to report the scores.

Percent submitting SAT scores	<u>73%</u>	Number submitting SAT scores	<u>4,644*</u>
Percent submitting ACT scores	<u>45%</u>	Number submitting ACT scores	<u>2,824</u>

* N=4,637 submitted scores from updated SAT; N=7 submitted scores from earlier version of SAT.

For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the 25th percentile (the score that 25 percent of the freshman population scored at or below) and the 75th percentile score (the score that 25 percent scored at or above).

Assessment	25th Percentile Score	75th Percentile Score	Mean
SAT Composite*	1140	1340	1236
SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing*	570	670	617
SAT Math*	560	680	619
ACT Composite	24	31	27
ACT Math	23	29	26
ACT English	24	32	28
ACT Writing	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*} N=4,637 who submitted scores from updated SAT.

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

Score	SAT Evidence-Based	SAT Math
Range	Reading and Writing	
700-800	15%	20%
600-699	48%	39%
500-599	31%	35%
400-499	5%	6%
300-399	<1%	0.5%
200-299	0%	0%
	100%	100%

^{*} N=4,637 who submitted scores from updated SAT.

Score Range	SAT Composite
1400-1600	15%
1200-1399	47%
1000-1199	34%
800-999	5%
600-799	<1%
400-599	0%
	100%

* N=4,637 who submitted scores from updated SAT.

Score Range	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	35%	39%	24%
24-29	45%	38%	50%
18-23	18%	20%	22%
12-17	1%	3%	4%
6-11	0%	0%	0%
Below 6	0%	0%	0%
	100%	100%	100%

^{*} N=4,637 who submitted scores from updated SAT.

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

```
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class \underline{26\%}

Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class \underline{53\%}

Percent in top half of high school graduating class \underline{85\%}

Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class \underline{15\%}

Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class \underline{2\%}

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank: \underline{44\%}
```

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

```
Percent who had GPA of 4.0 __34%__
Percent who had GPA between 3.75 and 3.99 __19%__
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 __18%__
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 __15%__
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24 __9%__

Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 __5%___
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49 __<1%__

Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99__ 0%__
Percent who had GPA below 1.0 ___0%__
100%
```

C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA: 3.67

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: _99%

Admission Policies
C13. Application fee
Does your institution have an application fee?
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need? 🛛 Yes 🔲 No
If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply on-line: Same fee:X_ Free: Reduced:
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need? Yes/no YES
C14. Application closing date
Does your institution have an application closing date?
Application closing date (fall): <u>January 15</u> Application closing date (summer): <u>January 15</u> Application closing date (spring): <u>October 1</u>
Fall/Summer Early Action date: November 15
*IMPORTANT NOTE re application to the College of Music: Incoming students applying to the College of Music at CU Boulder must complete two separate application processes, one through CU Undergraduate Admissions and another for the College of Music. The DEADLINES for both processes ARE NOT THE SAME. It is critical to remain in contact with both CU Undergraduate Admissions and the College of Music as you navigate the applications. The College of Music does not take applications for Summer term.
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall? ⊠ Yes □ No

C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)
On a rolling basis beginning (date): By (date): Other: Non-Binding Early Action Notification: Feb. 1. Regular admissions: Apr. 1 for fall and summer; applications are processed on a rolling basis and notifications begin going out on Oct. 1 for spring.
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date):
No set date:
Must reply by May 1 or within 2 weeks if notified thereafter Other:
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): The housing deposit must be paid at the time of application. Amount of housing deposit: \$300 Refundable if student does not enroll? X Yes, in full Yes, in part No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, maximum period of postponement: 12 months
ii yes, maximum penod or postponement. <u>12 montris</u>
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? ☐ Yes ☒ No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date
For the Fall 2020 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?
⊠ Yes □ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date November 15 Early action notification date February 1
s your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
☐ Yes No

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall	Αp	plic	ants
	· P	P	

D1.	Does your institution enroll transfer students? ⊠ Yes □ No
	(If no, please skip to Section E)
	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other
	colleges/universities?
	⊠ Yes □ No

D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2020.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Percent Admitted	Total Enrolled Applicants	Full Time	Part Time
Men	2,384	1,686	71%	830	734	96
Women	1,763	1,273	72%	511	446	65
Total	4,148	2,959	71%	1,341	1,180	161

*Because gender status is unknown for 1 applicant, the number of male plus female students is lower than total.

The number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2020, broken down by residency. (Information not requested by CDS)

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Percent Admitted	Total Enrolled Applicants	Full Time	Part Time
In-state Colorado	1,509	1,250	83%	865	750	115
Out of state	2,635	1,707	66%	476	430	46
Total	4,148	2,959	73%	1,341	1,180	161

^{*}Because residency status is unknown for 4 applicants and 2 admits, numbers of in-state plus out-of-state students are lower than totals.

Applic	cation for Admission						
	dicate terms for which transfers $oxed{oxed}$ Fall $oxed{oxed}$ Winter $oxed{oxed}$	s may enroll:] Spring					
☐ If y	ust a transfer applicant have a Yes ⊠ No ves, what is the minimum numl	per of credits	and the unit of me	easure?		_	า?
D5. Inc	dicate all items required of tran	sfer students	s to apply for admis	ssion:			
		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required	
	High school transcript	X	277.33				
	College transcript(s)	Х					
	Essay or personal statement	Х					
	Interview					X	
	Standardized test scores				X		
	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					X	
	Letter of recommendation					X	
D6.If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): * This varies by college and school.							
D7 .If a (or	minimum college grade point a 4.0 scale): This varies by college and sc	average is re	equired of transfer a	applicants, specify			

D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

Other requirements vary by department. Some colleges require specific courses and minimum number of credit hours. College of Music applicants must also complete a College of Music application after their admission application has been submitted, provide a letter of reference, and schedule an audition.

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall*	March 15	June 1		varies; see confirmation instructions on application status page	X
Winter					
Spring*		October 1		varies; see confirmation instructions on application status page	Х
Summer*		March 15		varies; see confirmation instructions on application status page	Х

*IMPORTANT NOTE re application to the College of Music: Incoming students applying to the College of Music at CU Boulder must complete two separate application processes, one through CU Undergraduate Admissions and another for the College of Music. The DEADLINES for both processes ARE NOT THE SAME. It is critical to remain in contact with both CU Undergraduate Admissions and the College of Music as you navigate the applications. The College of Music does not take applications for Summer term See https://www.colorado.edu/music/admissions/transfer-students/campus-transfers.

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? ☐ Yes ☐ No	
D11 . Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: Not applicable.	

Transfer Credit Policies
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:C (1.700)
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number Unit type
This is determined by the individual college/school to which the student applies. Please see https://catalog.colorado.edu/undergraduate/admissions/transfer-college-level-credit/ for more information.
D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number Unit type
This is determined by the individual college/school to which the student applies. Please see https://catalog.colorado.edu/undergraduate/admissions/transfer-college-level-credit/ for more information.
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree: Not applicable
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 45 hours for Engineering, Arts & Sciences, Business, and Media, Communication & Information; varies for other colleges
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies: Please see https://catalog.colorado.edu/undergraduate/admissions/transfer-college-level-credit/ .
Military Service Transfer Credit Policies
D18. Does your institution accept the following military/veteran transfer credits:
American Council on Education (ACE) College Level Examination Program (CLEP) DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST) Yes No Yes No
*CU Boulder accepts Guaranteed Transfer (GT) Pathways credit for certain military occupations and courses. These courses were identified by CU Boulder faculty in conjunction with ACE. For ACE-recommended credit that is not assigned a GT Pathways designation, we grant lower-division elective credit when ACE recommends that a course or occupation deserves upper-division

<mark>credit.</mark>
D19. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on military education evaluated by the American Council on Education (ACE):
Number <u>75</u> Unit type <u>credits</u>
D20. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on Department of Defense supported prior learning assessments (College Level Examination Program (CLEP) or DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)):
Number75 Unit typecredits
D21. Are the military/veteran credit transfer policies published on your website? ⊠ Yes □ No
If yes, please provide the URL where the policy can be located: https://www.colorado.edu/veterans/2020/03/10/military-credit
D22. Describe other military/veteran transfer credit policies unique to your institution:

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs	s available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
and Concurrent Bachelor's/Master's Pro **Small Group Academic Programs inclu Presidents Leadership Class.	 Honors program Independent study Internships Liberal arts/career combination Student-designed major Study abroad Teacher certification program Weekend college Weekend college Undergraduate Research Opportunities Program ograms. ude Residence Hall Academic Programs and
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.	
E3. Areas in which all or most students are requi	ired to complete some course work prior to graduation:
 ☐ Arts/fine arts ☐ Computer literacy ☑ English (including composition) ☑ Foreign languages ☐ History ☑ Other (describe): See below* *Arts & Humanities, Diversity 	 ☐ Humanities ☑ Mathematics ☐ Philosophy ☑ Sciences ☑ Social science

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2020 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first-year	Undergraduates
	(freshman) students	-
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonr	resident	
aliens from the numerator and denominator)	<u>45%</u>	<u>42%</u>
Percent of men who join fraternities	14 <u>%</u>	10 <u>%</u>
Percent of women who join sororities*	<u>%</u> _	<u></u>
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated he	ousing <u>84%</u>	<u>22%</u>
Percent who live off campus or commute	1 <u>6%</u>	<u>78%</u>
Percent of students age 25 and older	<u> </u>	<u>6%</u>
Average age of full-time students	<u> 18.1</u>	<u>20.2</u>
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	<u>18.1</u>	<u>20.4</u>

^{*}These data are from AY 2018-19. Current numbers are not available.

F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

 ◯ Campus Ministries ◯ Choral groups ◯ Concert band ◯ Dance ◯ Drama/theater ◯ International 	 ☑ Literary magazine ☑ Marching band ☑ Model UN ☑ Music ensembles ☑ Musical theater ☑ Opera 	 ☐ Radio station ☐ Student government ☐ Student newspaper ☐ Student-run film society ☐ Symphony orchestra ☐ Television station
Student Organization	☑ Opera	relevision station
⊠ Jazz band	⊠ Pep band	☐ Yearbook

-3. ROT	c (program offered in cooperation with	Reserve Officers' Training Corps)	
Army	ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name):		
Nava	ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name):		
Air Fo	orce ROTC is offered: ☑ On campus ☑ At cooperating institution (name):		
4. Hous	ing: Check all types of college-owned	-operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at	your institution.
	 ☐ Coed dorms ☐ Men's dorms ☐ Women's dorms ☐ Apartments for married students ☐ Apartments for single students ☐ Other housing options (specify): R dorms 	 Special housing for disabled students Special housing for international students Fraternity/sorority housing Cooperative housing Theme housing Wellness housing sidential Academic Programs in specific 	

Additional Information, not part of CDS:

Number of honor societies: 29

Number of sororities: 13 Panhellenic and 4 multi-cultural

Number of fraternities: 22 associated with the Undergraduate Interfraternity Council, 4 multi-cultural, and 7 affiliated with

campus

Number of campus organizations: Approximately 480 registered clubs/organizations

Number of religious organizations: Approximately 21

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0. Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator: https://ofa.colorado.edu/netpricecalculator/

Provide 2020-2021 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

NOTE: Expenses shown are for the 2020-21 academic year.

\boxtimes	Check here if your institution's 2021-2022 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an
	approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2021-2022 academic year costs of attendance will be available:
	June 2021

G1.Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2021-2022 academic year (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTION		
Tuition:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTION	N/A	N/A
Tuition:		
In-district:		
In-state (out-of-district):	\$10,728	\$10,728*
Out-of-state:	\$36,546	\$36,546*
NONRESIDENT ALIEN:	\$38,336	\$38,336*
Tuition:		
REQUIRED FEES:	\$1,766	\$1,738**
	, ,	
ROOM AND BOARD:	\$15,676	\$15,676
(on-campus)		

ROOM ONLY:			
(on-campus)			
BOARD ONLY:			
(on-campus meal plan)			
rates are held constant through details, see https://www.colorade entering in fall 2020 (Tuition Gua**CU Boulder has a four-year guar held constant through the fourth details, see https://www.coloraderesident undergraduates enterin	the fourth summer from encedu/bursar/costs/cu-borarantee Group P). uarantee of mandatory fewer summer from entry for a control of the costs/cu-borarantee (Tuition Guarantee).	entry for all students enrolle ulder-tuition-guarantee. The e costs for <u>resident</u> underg Il Colorado residents enroll ulder-tuition-guarantee. The arantee Group P).	nt undergraduates. With this guarantee, ed as degree-seeking undergraduates. For e amount listed is for undergraduates raduates. With this guarantee, rates are led as degree-seeking undergraduates. For e amount listed is for
G2.Number of credits per term a st	udent can take for the s	tated full-time tuition	
For in-state residents	Minimum = 12	Maximum = 18	
For out of state	Minimum = 1	Maximum = n/a	
G3.Do tuition and fees vary by year	of study (e.g., sophom	ore, junior, senior)?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
G4.Do tuition and fees vary by und	ergraduate instructiona	l program?	⊠ Yes □ No
If yes, what percentage of full-time	undergraduates pay mo	ore than the tuition and fe	ees reported in G1? <u>49%</u>

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1,200	\$1,200	\$1,200
Room only:			
Board only:			
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):	\$15,676	\$4,806	\$13,914
Transportation:	\$1,494	\$1,494	\$1,494
Other expenses:	\$1,484	\$1,332	\$1,484

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

Not Applicable

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants Non-need tuition waivers Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants Non-need state grants Non-need outside grants Non-need student loans Non-need parent loans Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique the COVID-19 pandemic

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

- H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories.
 - ✓ If the data being reported are final figures for the 2019-2020 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2019-2020 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.
 - ✓ Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid).
 - ✓ Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column.
 - ✓ For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.
 - ✓ Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1 , H2 , H2A , and H6 below:
□ 2020-2021 estimated or □ 2019-2020 final
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)
X Federal methodology (FM)
Institutional methodology (IM)
Both FM and IM

	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
0-b-l	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants	#00 404 F0F	#0.000
Federal	\$23,461,525	\$9,829
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$11,810,214	\$192,330
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$49,676,712	\$34,724,397
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$4,017,719	\$11,166,833
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$88,966,169	\$46,093,389
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$46,248,156	\$53,619,298
Federal Work-Study	\$591,999	
State and other (e.g., institutional) workstudy/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$2,592,141	\$112,776
Total Self-Help	\$49,432,296	\$53,732,074
Parent Loans	\$20,818,124	\$34,712,645
Tuition Waivers		
Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition		
waivers in this row if you choose to report		
them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.		
Athletic Awards	\$3,728,987	\$7,013,633
TOTAL	\$172,709,883	\$141,551,741

H2.Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates. **Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.**

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	5 5 T			
	reporting on Fall 2019 cohort)	6,226	27,633	2,164
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	4,411	14,678	863
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial			
	need	2,192	9,370	624
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	2,102	8,985	522
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based			
	scholarship or grant aid	1,645	7,071	363
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-			
'	help aid	1,650	7,127	432
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based			
	scholarship or grant aid	93	346	4
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS			
	loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	625	2,867	99
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were			
	awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in			
	excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace			
	EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	70%	74%	66%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any			
	resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans,			
	unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$17,004	\$17,482	\$12,929
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$12,557	\$12,135	\$7,296
1)	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans,			
	unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$5,233	\$6,458	\$7,586
m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans,			
1	and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a			
	need-based loan	\$5,027	\$6,235	\$7,575

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	Non-need-based awards	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	2,529	8,968	361
0)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$8,842	\$9,437	\$7,565
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	56	270	4
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$28,180	\$29,020	\$35,596

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5. Include:

- * 2019 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019.
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- * co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * students who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.
- * parent loans
- * students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree.
- * Any aid related to the CARE Act or unique the COVID-19 pandemic.

H4. Provide the number of students in the 2020 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2019 and June 30, 2020. Exclude students who transferred into your institution. 5,247

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed. NOTE: The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources. The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

Source	e/Type of Loan	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per- undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
a)	Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	1,993	38%	\$27,425
b)	Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	1,907	36%	\$18,878
c)	Institutional loan programs.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d)	State loan programs.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e)	Private student loans made by a bank or lender.	476	9%	\$39,198

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6. Indicalier	cate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident
	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
Ш	institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
	stitutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of ergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: <u>110</u>
	rage dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: 23,177
	al dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: 549,428
H7. Che	eck off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
	Institution's own financial aid form
	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE International Student's Financial Aid Application
H	International Student's Certification of Finances
	Other:
	"International students are eligible for a few merit-based CU Boulder scholarships but must submit official ACT or
	ores as part of the application to be considered. Scholarships are occasionally available through the Department o Ilegiate Athletics and the College of Music. They offer full or partial scholarships for very talented individuals."
IIILEICO	neglate Athletics and the conege of Music. They offer full of partial scholarships for very talefited individuals.
Proces	ss for First-Year/Freshman Students
H8. Che	eck off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
	FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE
	Business/Farm Supplement

\boxtimes	Other: <u>Tax return required</u>
H9.	. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: Feb 15 Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: None No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): Rolling basis
H1(0. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
	a.) Students notified on or about (date):
	b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: Yes If yes, starting date: Feb 15
H1 ⁻	 Indicate reply dates: Students must reply by (date): Grants, scholarships, and work-study are automatically accepted for students so no action is needed. Students have the entire loan period to apply for loans. Loans must be accepted on-line at myCUBoulder.colorado.edu.

Types of Aid Available Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12. Loans FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) □ Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans □ Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans □ Direct PLUS Loans
 ☐ Federal Perkins Loans ☐ Federal Nursing Loans ☐ State Loans ☐ College/university loans from institutional funds ☐ Other (specify): private lenders
H13. Scholarships and Grants
NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):
Non-need based (college-administered):
 State Academic Creative arts/performance Special achievements/activities Special characteristics Athletic ROTC Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non- need	Need- based		Non- need	Need- based	
X	X	Academics	X	X	Leadership
X	X	Alumni affiliation			Minority status
X	X	Art	X	X	Music/drama
Х	X	Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills	X	X	State/district residency
Х		ROTC			

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

- The First Generation Scholarship is awarded to undergraduate Colorado residents who have financial need and whose parent(s) or legal guardians do not have a bachelor's degree. Please see https://www.colorado.edu/scholarships/cu-boulder-scholarship for more information.
- The Sharer Scholars scholarship is awarded to newly admitted resident transfer students who are transferring to CU Boulder from a Colorado college or university and plan to graduate within two years. Please see https://www.colorado.edu/scholarships/2020/10/21/sharer-scholars-program-transfer-students for more information.

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2020. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non- clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total		
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	1,713	620	2,333		
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	317	87	404		
c.) Total number who are women	703	268	971		
d.) Total number who are men	1,010	350	1,360		
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	44	14	58		
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	1,493	146	1,639		
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but	169	116	285		
not a terminal master's					
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	24	85	109		
i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other	27	273	300		
(Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)					
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional	42	31	73		
programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level					
students					

Faculty -- Highest Degree

Nearly all tenured and tenure-track faculty (98%) have a doctorate or other terminal degree. The percentage of full-time instructional faculty whose highest degree is a doctorate or other terminal degree is 87%.

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2020 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2020 Student to Faculty ratio: <u>16.9</u> to 1 (based on 32,251 student FTE and 1,907 faculty FTE [from 37,437 undergraduate and graduate students excluding law and telecommunications and 2,386 instructional faculty excluding law and telecommunications]).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2020 term.

✓ Please include classes that have been moved online in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2020. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

NOTE: In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, in fall 2020 the University of Colorado Boulder offered a mix of in-person, online, remote, and hybrid courses. The fall 2020 class section and subsection counts report classes conducted in person; classes conducted via hybrid instruction, i.e., combining traditional face-to-face instruction with web-based online learning; and courses that are meeting exclusively remote. We do not include online courses, as these were courses that were online before fall 2020.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	319	1,153	576	334	176	243	128	2,929
% of total class sections	10.9%	39.4%	19.7%	11.4%	6.0%	8.3%	4.4%	
Cumulative %	10.9%	50.3%	70.0%	81.4%	87.4%	95.7%	100%	

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB- SECTIONS	183	674	767	134	34	9	4	1,805
% of total class subsections	10.1%	37.3%	42.5%	7.4%	1.9%	0.5%	0.2 %	
Cumulative %	10.1%	47.4%	89.9%	97.3%	99.2%	99.7%	100%	

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2019 and June 30, 2020

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Bachelor's Degrees Awarded--includes double and second majors

CIP Discipline	N	PCT	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture			1
Natural resources and conservation	193	3	3
Architecture	140	2	4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies	49	1	5
Communication/journalism	650	9	9
Communication technologies	-		10
Computer and information sciences	344	6	11
Personal and culinary services	-		12
Education (Music only)	16	0	13
Engineering	827	14	14
Engineering technologies	-		15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics	151	2	16
Family and consumer sciences			19
Law/legal studies			22
English	133	2	23
Liberal arts/general studies	22	0	24
Library science			25
Biological/life sciences	899	12	26
Mathematics and statistics	164	2	27
Military science and military technologies			28 and 29
Interdisciplinary studies	249	4	30
Parks and recreation			31

CIP Discipline	N	PCT	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Philosophy and religious studies	60	1	38
Theology and religious vocations			39
Physical sciences	215	3	40
Science technologies			41
Psychology	478	7	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement,			43
firefighting, and protective services			
Public administration and social services			44
Social sciences	778	12	45
Construction trades			46
Mechanic and repair technologies			47
Precision production			48
Transportation and materials moving			49
Visual and performing arts	229	3	50
Health professions and related programs	71	1	51
Business/marketing	993	15	52
History	83	1	54
TOTAL (includes double majors)	6,744	100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Clock hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as contact hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or recognized postsecondary credential. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to

the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 clock hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more clock hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 clock hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact/clock hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 clock hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 clock hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 clock hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Recognized Postsecondary Credential: Includes both Title IV eligible degrees, certificates, and other recognized postsecondary credentials. Any credential that is received after completion of a program that is eligible for Title IV federal student aid. Credentials that are awarded to recognize an individual's attainment of measurable technical or industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry occupation. (Generally based on standards developed or endorsed by employers or industry associations).

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, clock hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.